INDIAN GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS
INDIAN MODEL OF CONSTITUTIONALISM

1. According to Austin, the Indian constitution rejected the methods adopted by China and Russia and aimed at the tripartite goals of national unity, social revolution and democracy as three distinct strands interwoven into a seamless web.

2. According to Uday S Mehta, “Democratic constitutions like the Indian constitution eschew the absolutism that is featured in Hobbes’s thought”.

3. According to Pratap Bhanu, “The romance of democracy must be accompanied by political hardwork and politics in the highest form, is nothing if not hard.”

4. The critical and creative role of politics in what Rajni Kothari called the ‘Indian model of development’ in his classics *Politics in India*.

5. *The success of Indian Democracy* is written by Atul Kohli.


7. *State Directed Development* is written by Atul Kohli.

PARTY SYSTEM

1. According to Joseph Palombara and Myron Weiner, “Political Parties are a feature of modern and modernising societies.”

2. The ‘Congress System’ as conceptualised by Rajni Kothari, comprised what he called the ‘the party of consensus and party of pressures’.

3. Raj Krishna came forward with the concept of Hindu rate of annual growth.